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General block exemption Regulation (Reg. 651/2014) – working document Aid for disadvantaged workers and for workers with disabilities

First the general conditions of application of the GBER should be checked (12 conditions / Articles 1 -12) AND then the conditions with regard to for disadvantaged workers and for workers with disabilities

A. General conditions of application.

GENERAL COMPATIBILITY CONDITIONS	COMPLIANCE CHECK (OK?)
Article 1 - Exclusion of certain activities (§2)	COMPLIANCE CHECK (OK:)
Shall not apply to:	
 Aid to export related activities 	
 Aid to export related activities Aid contingent upon use of domestic over imported goods. 	
Article 1 - Exclusion of certain sectors (§3)	
• Fishery and aquaculture* (as in Reg 1379/2013) except for aid for disadvantaged	
workers and workers with disabilities;	
• Primary production of agricultural products* except for aid for disadvantaged workers	
and workers with disabilities;	
• The processing and marketing of agricultural products* if the amount of aid is fixed on	
the basis of the price or quantity of such products purchased from primary producers or	
put on the market by the undertakings concerned; or when the aid is conditional on	
being partly or entirely passed on to primary producers;	
• Aid to facilitate the closure of uncompetitive coal mines (Council decision 2010/787);	
* If undertaking active also in sectors within the scope of the this Regulation, the	
Regulation applies to aid granted in respect of these sectors provided that MS ensures	
that the activities in the excluded sectors do not benefit from the aid	
Article 1 - Exclusion of companies concerned by the Deggendorf rule (§4)	
Shall not apply to aid schemes which do not explicitly exclude the payment of individual	
aid in favour of an undertaking which is subject to outstanding recovery order following a	
previous Com. Dec. declaring an aid illegal/incompatible and shall not apply to ad hoc aid	
to such an undertaking	
Article 1 - Exclusion of companies in difficulty (§4)	

Shall not apply to aid to undertakings in difficulty	
Article 1 - Exclusion of aid measures violating Union Law (§5)	
Shall not apply to State aid measures, which entail a non-severable violation of Union law,	
in particular:	
(a) obligation for the beneficiary to have its headquarters or to be predominantly	
established in the relevant Member State. Requirement for an establishment or branch in	
the aid granting Member State at the moment of payment of the aid is allowed.	
(b) obligation to use nationally produced goods or national services;	
(c) restricting the possibility for the beneficiaries to exploit the research, development and	
innovation results in other Member States.	
Article 4 - Individual notification thresholds	
Shall not apply to aid which exceeds:	
• Recruitment of disadvantaged workers: EUR 5 million per undertaking, per year;	
• Employment of workers with disabilities in the form of wage subsidies: EUR 10	
million per undertaking, per year;	
Compensating the additional costs of employing workers with disabilities: EUR	
10 million per undertaking, per year;	
 Aid for compensating the costs of assistance provided to disadvantaged workers: 	
EUR 5 million per undertaking, per year.	
The thresholds shall not be circumvented by artificially splitting up the aid schemes or aid	
projects.	
Article 5 – Transparency of aid	
Shall apply only to transparent aid and shall be considered as transparent:	
Grants and interest rate subsidies	
• Loans (where gross grant equivalent has been calculated on the basis of the reference rate prevailing at the time of the grant)	
Guarantees	
(gross grant equivalent calculated on the safe-harbour premiums laid down in a Commission Notice	
or	

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gross grant equivalent accepted before implementation on the basis of the Com Notice on Guarantees and the approved calculation methodology explicitly addresses the type of the guarantee and the type of the underlying transaction at stake in the context of the application of the GBER)

- Tax advantages (when cap to ensure that threshold is not exceeded)
- Repayable advances (if the total nominal amount of the repayable advance does not exceed the thresholds applicable under this Regulation or if, before implementation of the measure, the methodology to calculate the gross grant equivalent of the repayable advance has been accepted following its notification to the Commission)

Article 6 - Incentive effect

Aid can only be exempted if incentive effect:

- **Beneficiary submitted aid application to MS before work** on the project or activity starts with at least the following information:
 - a) undertaking's name and size;
 - b) description of the project, including its start and end dates;
 - c) location of the project;
 - d) list of project costs;
 - e) type of aid (grant, loan, guarantee, repayable advance, equity injection or other) and amount of public funding needed for the project
- Ad hoc aid to large enterprises; in addition to the above, MS has verified before granting the aid that the beneficiary provided documentation demonstrating one or more of the following:
 - a material increase in the scope of the project/activity due to the aid, or
 - a material increase in the total amount spent by the beneficiary on the project/activity due to the aid, or
 - a material increase in the speed of completion of the project/activity concerned

→Exceptions

- Tax advantages if:
 - a) the measure establishes a right to aid in accordance with objective criteria and without further exercise of discretion by the Member State; and
 - b) the measure has been adopted and is in force before work on the aided project or

 activity has started, except in the case of fiscal successor schemes, where the activity was already covered by the previous schemes in the form of tax advantage Aid for the recruitment of disadvantaged workers in the form of wage subsidies and aid for the employment of workers with disabilities in the form of wage subsidies, if the relevant conditions laid down in Articles 32 and 33 respectively are fulfilled, Aid compensating for the additional costs of employing workers with disabilities, if the conditions laid down in Article 34 are fulfilled; Article 7 - Eligible costs 	
Af ticle 7 - Eligible costs	
For the purposes of calculating the Aid intensity	
Figures before any deduction of tax or other charge;	
• Aid granted in a form other than a grant, the aid amount shall be the gross grant equivalent of the aid	
• Aid payable in several instalments shall be discounted to its value when granting (same for eligible costs and with interest rates of the moment of granting);	
• Tranches of aid in tax advantages shall be discounted on the basis of the discount rates applicable at the moment the tax advantages take effect;	
• Aid in repayable advances which, in the absence of an accepted methodology calculating their gross grant equivalent, are expressed as a percentage of the eligible	
costs and the measure provides that in case of successful outcome of the project, as defined on the basis of a reasonable and prudent hypothesis, the advances will be	
repaid with an interest rate at least equal to the discount rate applicable at the moment	
the aid is granted, the maximum aid intensity may be increased by 10 percentage	
points.	
Eligible costs	
Eligible costs supported by clear, specific and contemporary documents.	
Article 8 - Cumulation	
• Total amount of aid shall be taken into account for thresholds and maximum aid	
intensities (§1);	
• If Union funding (not under the control of the Member State) is combined with State	
aid, only the latter shall be considered for determining whether notification thresholds	
and maximum aid intensities or maximum aid amounts are respected, provided that the	

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total amount of public funding granted in relation to the same eligible costs does not exceed the most favourable funding rate laid down in the applicable rules of Union law (§2);

- Exempted aid may be cumulated with any other State aid if **different identifiable costs** (§3a);
- No cumulation of exempted aid with any other aid on the same eligible costs, partly
 or fully overlapping, if the result would exceed the highest aid intensity/amount
 applicable to this aid (§3b);
- State aid exempted under the GBER shall not be cumulated with any **de minimis** aid in respect of the same eligible costs if such cumulation would result in an aid intensity exceeding those laid down in Chapter III of the GBER (§5);
- By way of **derogation**, aid in favour of workers with disabilities, as provided for in Articles 33 and 34 may be cumulated with other aid exempted under the GBER in relation to the same eligible costs above the highest applicable threshold under the GBER, provided that such cumulation does not result in an aid intensity exceeding 100 % of the relevant costs over any period for which the workers concerned are employed.

Article 9 – Publication and information

- Publication on a comprehensive State aid website, at national or regional level of the following (§1):
 - a. the summary information (see Article 11) or a link providing access to it;
 - b. the full text of each aid measure (see Article 11) or a link providing access to the full text:
 - c. the information on each individual aid award exceeding EUR 500 000 (see Annex III).
- As regards aid granted to European Territorial Cooperation projects, the information referred to in this paragraph shall be placed on the website of the Member State in which the Managing Authority concerned, as defined in Article 21 of Regulation (EC) No 1299/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council, is located. Alternatively, the participating Member States may also decide that each of them shall provide the information relating to the aid measures within their territory on the

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respective websites.

- For schemes in the form of tax advantages, and for schemes covered by Article 16 and 21 (except for SMEs which have not carried out any commercial sale in any market) the conditions set out in paragraph 1(c) of this Article shall be considered fulfilled if Member States publish the required information on individual aid amounts in the following ranges (in EUR million (§2):
 - 0,5-1;
 - 1-2;
 - 2-5;
 - 5-10;
 - 10-30; and
 - 30 and more.
- The information referred to in paragraph 1(c) shall be organised and accessible in a standardised manner, (see Annex III), and shall allow for effective search and download functions. The information referred to in paragraph 1 shall be published within 6 months from the date the aid was granted, or for aid in the form of tax advantage, within 1 year from the date the tax declaration is due, and shall be available for at least 10 years from the date on which the aid was granted (§4).
- Member States shall comply with the provisions of this Article at the latest within two years after the entry into force of this Regulation (i.e. 01/07/2016) (§6).

For definitions on concepts: article 2 (pay attention to the new definition of undertaking in difficulty)

Reporting: article 11 **Monitoring:** article 12

Withdrawal of the benefit of the block exemption: article 10

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B. Specific conditions for aid for disadvantaged workers and for workers with disabilities

•	ARTICLE 32 AID FOR THE RECRUITMENT OF DISADVANTAGED WORKERS IN THE FORM OF WAGE SUBSIDIES Compatible and exempted from notification if General compatibility conditions and conditions of this Article apply (§1);	COMPLIANCE CHECK (OK?)
	Eligible costs shall be the wage costs over a maximum period of 12 months following recruitment of a disadvantaged worker. Where the worker concerned is a severely disadvantaged worker, eligible costs shall be the wage costs over a maximum period of 24 months following recruitment (§2);	
•	Where the recruitment does not represent a net increase, compared with the average over the previous 12 months, in the number of employees in the undertaking concerned, the post or posts shall have fallen vacant following voluntary departure, disability, retirement on grounds of age, voluntary reduction of working time or lawful dismissal for misconduct and not as a result of redundancy (§3);	
•	Except in the case of lawful dismissal for misconduct, the disadvantaged workers shall be entitled to continuous employment for a minimum period consistent with the national legislation concerned or any collective agreements governing employment contracts (§4);	
•	If the period of employment is shorter than 12 months, or 24 months in the case of severely disadvantaged workers, the aid shall be reduced pro rata accordingly (§5);	
•	The aid intensity shall not exceed 50 % of the eligible costs (§6);	

ARTICLE 33 AID FOR THE EMPLOYMENT OF WORKERS WITH DISABILITIES IN THE FORM OF WAGE SUBSIDIES	COMPLIANCE CHECK (OK?)
• Compatible and exempted from notification if General compatibility conditions and conditions of this Article apply (§1);	
• Eligible costs shall be the wage costs over any given period during which the worker with disabilities is employed (§2)	
• Where the recruitment does not represent a net increase, compared with the average over the previous 12 months, in the number of employees in the undertaking concerned, the post or posts shall have fallen vacant following voluntary departure, disabilities, retirement on grounds of age, voluntary reduction of working time or lawful dismissal for misconduct and not as a result of redundancy (§3);	
• Except in the case of lawful dismissal for misconduct, the workers with disabilities shall be entitled to continuous employment for a minimum period consistent with the national legislation concerned or any collective agreements which are legally binding for the undertaking and governing employment contracts (§4);	
• The aid intensity shall not exceed 75 % of the eligible costs. (§5).	

ARTICLE 34	COMPLIANCE CHECK (OK?)
AID FOR COMPENSATING THE ADDITIONAL COSTS OF EMPLOYING	
WORKERS WITH DISABILITIES	

with disabilities.

The aid intensity shall not exceed 100 % of the eligible costs (§3).

•	Co	Compatible and exempted from notification if General compatibility conditions	
	and	and conditions of this Article apply (§1);	
•	Th	The eligible costs shall be the following (§2):	
	a.	a. costs of adapting the premises;	
	b.	b. costs of employing staff solely for time spent on the assistance of the	
		workers with disabilities and of training such staff to assist workers with	
		disabilities;	
	c.	c. costs of adapting or acquiring equipment, or acquiring and validating	
		software for use by workers with disabilities, including adapted or assistive	
		technology facilities, which are additional to those which the beneficiary	
		would have incurred had it employed workers who are not workers with	
		disabilities;	
	d.	d. costs directly linked to transport of workers with disabilities to the working	
		place and for work related activities;	
	e.	e. wage costs for the hours spent by a worker with disabilities on	
		rehabilitation;	
	f.	f. where the beneficiary provides sheltered employment, the costs of	
		constructing, installing or modernising the production units of the	
		undertaking concerned, and any costs of administration and transport,	
		provided that such costs result directly from the employment of workers	

	ARTICLE 35 AID FOR COMPENSATING THE COSTS OF ASSISTANCE PROVIDED TO DISADVANTAGED WORKERS	COMPLIANCE CHECK (OK?)
•	Compatible and exempted from notification if General compatibility conditions and conditions of this Article apply (§1);	
•	The eligible costs shall be the costs of (§2): a. employing staff solely for time spent on the assistance of the disadvantaged	

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workers over a maximum period of 12 months following recruitment of a disadvantaged worker or over a maximum period of 24 months following recruitment of a severely disadvantaged worker;

- b. of training such staff to assist disadvantaged workers.
- The assistance provided shall consist of measures to support the disadvantaged worker's autonomy and adaptation to the work environment, in accompanying the worker in social and administrative procedures, facilitation of communication with the entrepreneur and managing conflicts (§3);
- The aid intensity shall not exceed 50 % of the eligible costs (§4).